CS 677: Distributed and Operating Systems Homework 3

Due one week from posting date as listed on the course web page

- 1. When might a process pool model be better than using a thread pool model?
- 2. Why is it important to respect cache affinities of processes and threads in multiprocessor scheduling?
- 3. Since a static thread pool will cause requests to block when all threads are busy processing requests, why should the server not create a static thread pool with a very large number of threads? (Explain the disadvantage of such an approach).
- 4. For a multiprocess scheduler with distributed queue (one queue per core), why can imbalance occur even if you start with perfectly load balanced queues, each with equal number of processes?
- 5. Explain why distributed scheduling in a network of workstations is not effective at very low loads and at very high loads.
- 6. Why do cluster scheduling of batch jobs support separate queues per user group? (Explain an advantage of such an approach)
- 7. Why is emulation slower than native hardware virtualization?
- 8. How does a type 2 hypervisor handle sensitive instructions inside a virtual machine? Also discuss this approach does not require any special hardware support from the processor.